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LERNER, DAVID, LITTENBERG,			SHELTON, BRIAN K	
KRUMHOLZ & MENTLIK 600 SOUTH AVENUE WEST			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WESTFIELD,	WESTFIELD, NJ 07090		2611	5
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Comments	09/466,279	INOUE ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Brian Shelton	2611
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timed within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day, will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 De	<u>ecember 1999</u> .	
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This	tion is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E		
Disposition of Claims		
<ul> <li>4)  Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray</li> <li>5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>6)  Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected.</li> <li>7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to.</li> <li>8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or</li> </ul>	vn from consideration.	
Application Papers	olocion roquiromoni.	
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce		Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
a) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic since a specific reference was included in the first 37 CFR 1.78.  a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic reference was included in the first sentence of the	s have been received. s have been received in Application in Appli	on No ed in this National Stage ed. e) (to a provisional application) in an Application Data Sheet. eeived. and/or 121 since a specific
Attachment(s)		
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 4</li> </ol>	5) 🔲 Notice of Informal P	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1, 5, 10, 11, 15, and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Yoshino.

As for claim 1, Yoshino discloses a receiving apparatus for a digital broadcasting for receiving a digital broadcasting which is transmitted by a transport stream in which video data and audio data have been compressed and multiplexed (IRD 102; see col. 3, lines 29-36 where IRD 102 is described as a digital satellite broadcasting receiver inherently receiving compressed and multiplexed data), comprising:

- (a) a decoder for decoding said transport stream (video processing section 303; see col. 4, lines 17-24);
- (b) a digital interface for mutually transmitting and receiving the transport stream to/from digital signal processing devices (digital connection interface 304; see col. 4, lines 13-24; see also ); and

(c) a register for selecting a predetermined number of devices among a plurality of digital signal processing devices connected to said digital interface (col. 4, lines 38-47, disclosing connected device memory) and allocating identification numbers to said selected devices (col. 4, lines 38-47, disclosing communication function pair memory; see col. 10, lines 3-9 disclosing selection of multiple communication pairs; see also col. 5, lines 19-21 discussing assignment of device ID numbers).

Method claim 11 is rejected for the same rationale underlying the rejection of corresponding apparatus claim 1.

As for claim 5, Yoshino discloses an apparatus wherein the register can change the contents of registration by a user input (col. 8, lines 10-25, describing user selection of a source device; col. 8, lines 26-35 describing selection of a target device).

Method claim 15 is rejected for the same rationale underlying the rejection of corresponding apparatus claim 5.

As for claim 10, Yoshino discloses an apparatus comprising display means for displaying a selection screen to select devices from said registered

devices (Figs. 13 and 15; col. 8, lines 10-25, describing user selection of a source device; col. 8, lines 26-35 describing selection of a target device).

Method claim 20 is rejected for the same rationale underlying the rejection of corresponding apparatus claim 10.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 2-4, 6-9, 12-14 and 16-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yoshino in view of Koyama.

As for claim 2, Yoshino discloses an apparatus wherein the register stores identification numbers allocated to the selected digital processing devices (col. 4, lines 38-47, discussing storage of device name and ID numbers, including communication pair function memory and communication configuration memory). However, Yoshino fails to discloses maintaining a registration, whether the selected digital signal processing devices has been connected to the digital interface or not.

Koyama, though disclosing maintaining a registration (col. 5, lines 34-38, discussing correlation of node ID and unique ID of connected devices and storage of node ID and unique ID data pairs in memory), whether the selected devices have been connected to the digital interface or not (see col. 6, lines 34-45 discussing comparison of unique ID values with node ID values following a bus reset; see col. 7, lines 8-11 discussing reconnection of a previously connected device) for the advantage of allowing a device connected to a network to be temporarily removed from the network without necessitating reconfiguration of the network upon reconnection of said device.

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Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to modify Yoshino to include maintaining a registration. whether the selected digital signal processing devices has been connected to the digital interface or not, as taught by Koyama, for the advantage of allowing a device connected to a network to be temporarily removed from the network without necessitating reconfiguration of the network upon reconnection of said device.

Method claim 12 is rejected for the same rationale underlying the rejection of corresponding apparatus claim 2.

Regarding claim 3, Yoshino and Koyama are relied upon for the teachings as discussed above relative to claim 2. The limitation of claim 3 is encompassed

by the teachings of Yoshino in view of Koyama. Specifically, Koyama teaches a register which confirms whether a device which is connected has already been registered with the identification number or not the device is connected to the digital interface (see col. 6, lines 34-45 discussing comparison of unique ID values with node ID values following a bus reset; see col. 7, lines 8-11 discussing reconnection of a previously connected device).

Method claim 13 is rejected for the same rationale underlying the rejection of corresponding apparatus claim 3.

Regarding claim 4, Yoshino and Koyama are relied upon for the teachings as discussed above relative to claim 2. The limitation of claim 4 is encompassed by the teachings of Yoshio in view of Koyama Specifically, Koyama discloses a register that automatically registers the predetermined number of devices which were first connected among the devices connected to the digital interface (see col. 6, lines 46-50 discussing use of reassignment of node ID to reset node ID following a bus reset; see also col. 7, lines 7-11 describing the case of automatic registration where a connected device was previously connected; compare to col. 7. lines 12-20, describing case where a "newly added device" is connected).

Method claim 14 is rejected for the same rationale underlying the rejection of corresponding apparatus claim 4.

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Regarding claim 6, Yoshino and Koyama are relied upon for the teachings as discussed above relative to claim 2. The limitation of claim 6 is encompassed by the teachings of Yoshino in view of Koyama. Specifically, Koyama discloses a register which prohibits cancellation of a registration where connected devices are among equipment which have previously been registered (see col. 6, lines 34-45 discussing comparison of unique ID values with node ID values following a bus reset; see col. 7, lines 8-11 discussing reconnection of a previously connected device, wherein the unique ID corresponding to a previously connected device is used to change the node ID to the reset node ID in table file 601; see col. 7, lines 20-28, wherein the display position of display information corresponding to a previously connected (i.e., registered) device is maintained following the disconnection of the device from the bus; see also col. 7, lines 55-58 and Figs. 11A and 11B wherein the display position of a previously registered device is maintained following its disconnection from the network. By contrast, if the register disclosed by Koyama to the case were not employed, personal computer 104 would be unable to ascertain whether a device connected to the digital interface had been previously connected following a bus resetting event; (i.e., the removal of a device from a 1394 interface results in a bus reset, wherein the node ID numbers of devices are reassigned, so a device that appeared to PC 104 at node ID 3 could appear as if were connected at node ID 1 following a bus reset. PC 104 would be unable to ascertain whether the device had been

previously connected, and the registration of the connected device would be cancelled. The registration process disclosed by Koyama avoids such a result and, thus, prohibits the cancellation of a previously connected device.) see col. 4, lines 21-31).

As for claim 7, Yoshino and Koyama are relied upon for the teachings as discussed above relative to claim 2. The limitation of claim 7 is encompassed by the teachings of Yoshino in view of Koyama. Specifically, Koyama discloses a display processing circuit for displaying a list of registered devices (Fig. 5; see col. 5, lines 48-57 describing output of the display device which includes icons 501, 502 and 503 indicating connected devices).

Method claim 17 is rejected for the same rationale underlying the rejection of corresponding apparatus claim 7.

As for claim 8, Yoshino and Koyama are relied upon for the teachings as discussed above relative to claim 7. The limitation of claim 8 is encompassed by the teachings of Yoshino in view of Koyama. Specifically, Koyama discloses displaying the list of registered devices displays so that the devices connected to the digital interface and the devices which are not connected among the registered devices can be visually discriminated (Fig. 8; col. 6, lines 59-62,

describing displaying the icon representing a disconnected device more vaguely than other icons).

Method claim 18 is rejected for the same rationale underlying the rejection of corresponding apparatus claim 8.

As for claim 9, Yoshino and Koyama are relied upon for the teachings as discussed above relative to claim 7. The limitation of claim 9 is encompassed by the teachings of Yoshino in view of Koyama. Specifically, Koyama discloses a display processing circuit that performs a predetermined warning display when a changing operation of the registration is performed in which the connected devices are among devices which have preciously been registered by the register (see Fig. 11A describing display output for the situation where devices DVC101, DVC102, and DVC103 are connected; see Fig. 11B and display corresponding to removal of DVC102 and the associated "COMMUNICATION IMPOSSIBLE" warning message; see col. 7, lines 55-65).

Method claim 19 is rejected for the same rationale underlying the rejection of corresponding apparatus claim 9.

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#### Information Disclosure Statement

5. The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 17 July 2003 is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statement is being considered by the examiner.

#### Conclusion

6. The following are suggested formats for either a Certificate of Mailing or Certificate of Transmission under 37 CFR 1.8(a). The certification may be included with all correspondence concerning this application or proceeding to establish a date of mailing or transmission under 37 CFR 1.8(a). Proper use of this procedure will result in such communication being considered as timely if the established date is within the required period for reply. The Certificate should be signed by the individual actually depositing or transmitting the correspondence or by an individual who, upon information and belief, expects the correspondence to be mailed or transmitted in the normal course of business by another no later than the date indicated.

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7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Brian Shelton whose telephone number is (703) 305-8714. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 7:30-4:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the primary examiner, Christopher Grant can be reached on (703) 305-4755. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-4700.

Brian Shelton Examiner Art Unit 2611

BS

CHRIS GRANT
PRIMARY EXAMINER